5MHz Experiment

John Gould, G3WKL Chairman RSGB 5MHz Working Group

http://www.rsgb-spectrumforum.org.uk/5MHz.htm

5MHz in the UK

- Amateur access to 5MHz channels from mid-2002 to mid-2006
- Purpose to conduct experiments in
 - Emergency comms
 - Aerials
 - Propagation
- 5MHz Working Group (5WG) formed in Nov 2002.

5WG Membership

J W Gould, G3WKL, Chairman

G L Adams, G3LEQ (IARU Emergency Communications Region 1 Coordinator)

L W Barclay, G3HTF

P Gaskell, G4MWO (RSGB RCVS National Coordinator)

P Martinez, G3PLX

G Mossop, GODUB (RAYNET representative)

C Thomas, G3PSM (Board Member, RSGB Spectrum Forum

Manager, RSGB HF Manager)

M Wood, G7VRT (Cadet Representative & Liaison)

G Williams, G4FKH (RSGB Propagation Studies Committee)

5WG Remit

To deal with all matters concerning the temporary 5 MHz spot frequencies allocated to the Amateur Radio Service within the United Kingdom on a Notice of Variation basis.

The Group will formulate and monitor experiments and communications exercises in line with the terms of the Notice of Variation, and at periods to be agreed, report relevant findings to the Primary User via the Radiocommunications Agency.

5WG achievements & ongoing work

- Coordinated scientific and emergency comms activities, reporting twice to RSGB Board, RA/Ofcom and MoD.
- Assess and make recommendations to Ofcom re NoV applications.
- Liaised and support given to individuals on their own experiments.
- Defined and coordinated a centrally run task, termed the "5MHz Experiment"
 - Commissioned and setup GB3RAL, 30th April 2004
 - Commissioned GB3WES late October 2004
 - Setup "consolidated log database" & publicised initial findings in RadCom Sept 2003

5MHz Expt: Overview

- An data collection task run by the 5WG to allow later analysis
- Data is restricted to certain broad categories to keep the number of variables down
- A strict reporting format is specified
- Goals:
 - Creation of an empirical equation for 5MHz propagation
 - Creation of a large database that anyone can subsequently analyse to research things that might include
 - Effects of different categories of aerial type
 - Long-term noise-floor changes

5MHz Expt: Log database

- 6151 separate entries in the Station Log & 6619 entries in the automatic beacon monitoring log
- All paper and e-mailed logs included, apart from
 - 7 with some data errors
 - 10 paper logs
- 360 different calls in the log
 - 2121 reports of GB3RAL
 - 79 stations logged more than 10 times
 - 11 stations logged more than 50 times
- Current issues
 - Data cleanup, e.g. typing & logging errors
 - Missing data, e.g. QTH Locator data

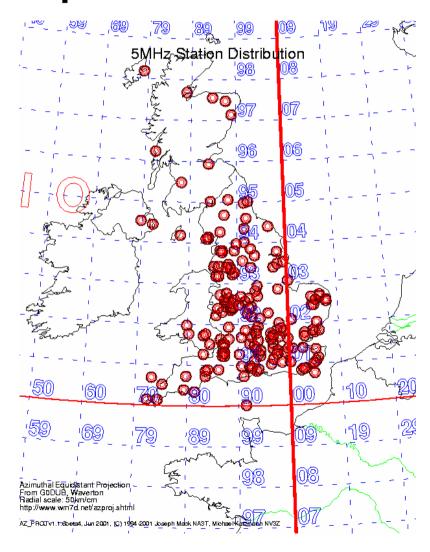
5MHz Expt: Stations Heard/Worked

G3ENI	293	G3JFS	38
G3ZUN	239	G3SET	37
G3ENO	134		
G3GHS	111	G3LEQ	35
G3DVK	94	G3KTH	33
G0HNW	84	G3BPM	33
G4JNT	63		
GW0VMZ	61	GI4VIV	32
G0MRL	58	G3PLX	31
G0UOO	51	G0DUB	30
G5BM	51		
G8ABB	49	MM1RAH	28
G3JKD	43	G4KUJ	26
MOAFJ	40		

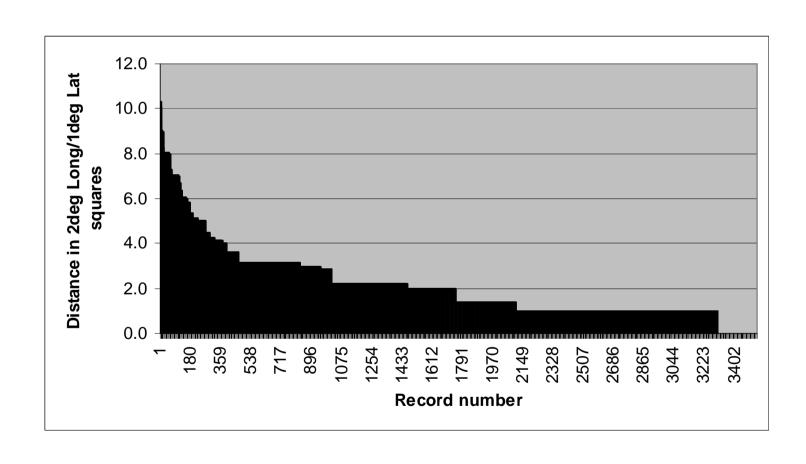
5MHz Expt: Stations submitting logs

2E0RGO / M3RGO	1947
G3ZUN	413
G3ENI	374
G8ABB	258
G3JNB	251
G4FKH	250
G3BPM	231
G3DVK	166
G8SAU	166
G0WTV	160
G3NPF	140
G3SET	137

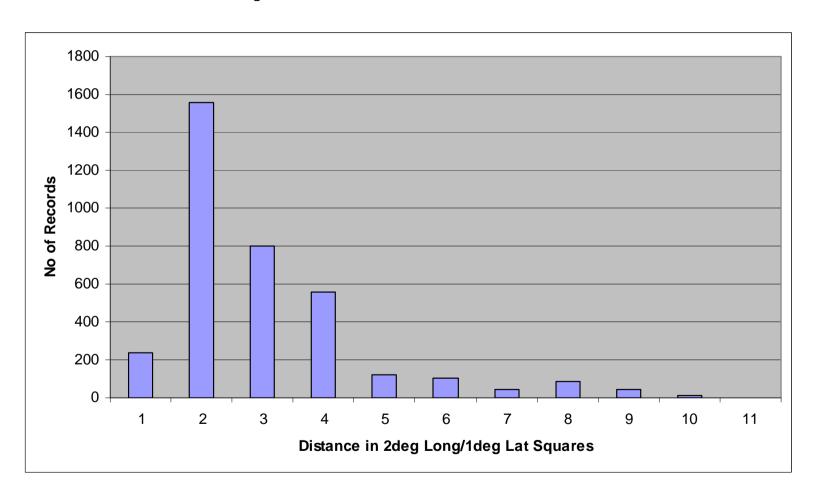
5MHz Expt: Station Distribution



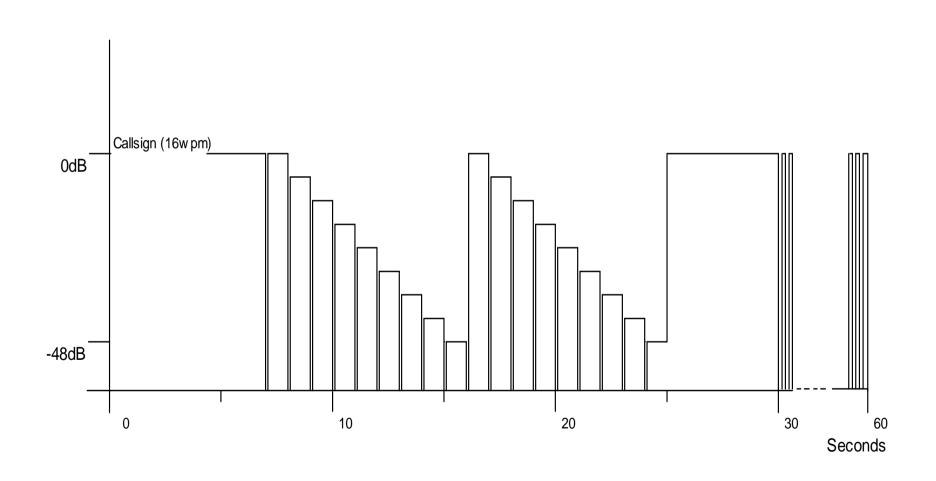
5MHz Expt: Path-length Distribution



5MHz Expt: Path-length Histogram



5MHz Expt: Beacon sequence



5MHz Expt: Auto-monitoring





http://g4irx.nowindows.net/fivemegs/comparison.php

5MHz Expt: Work in progress

Log Database

- Data cleanup
- Import mechanism for data from G3PLX's beacon monitor software
- Auto-compute path-length from QTH Locators
- Report on the statistics of the data
- Consider how to make it available to all

Beacons

- Install and commission GB3ORK
- Update monitoring / reporting information
- Consider issues re. companion beacons at 3.5 and 7MHz.

Analysis

Prepare detailed plans for creating a 5MHz propagation model

5MHz Expt: Propagation model

Imagine a "mathematical" model that might contains the

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Quality of link = function {A(Date)+B(Time) + C(Solar Flux)+ D(distance)+E(aerial)+ F(orientation) +G(SINPO)+ H(Power)+I(mode)}
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The "problem" is to represent the coefficients (A, B, C etc) in the right way, and then solve for their numerical values by comparing the "model" with the data in the log database.

Final Comments

Recently the MoD have reminded us that we need to be careful to use our access to 5MHz for the conduct of experiments, and not merely to use the channels for general amateur usage.

You are all therefore encouraged to do just that by

- Creating your own experiments and publishing the results.
- Making sure that your logs are of use to someone.
- Participating with the 5MHz Experiment, either by collecting data and/or later carrying out some detailed analysis.

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