## PETER BRUCE. G4WPB

RADIO



## AMATEUR ASTRONOMY



## **TODAY**

EQUIPMENT - & WHAT YOU CAN SEE & IMAGE.

I JUST
HAVE TO
HAVE A
DIG AT
CROYDON

WHAT A
WASTE
OF
ENERGY.

AND IT'S

LEGAL



The next time you hear "Energy Saving" or "Energy Tax"

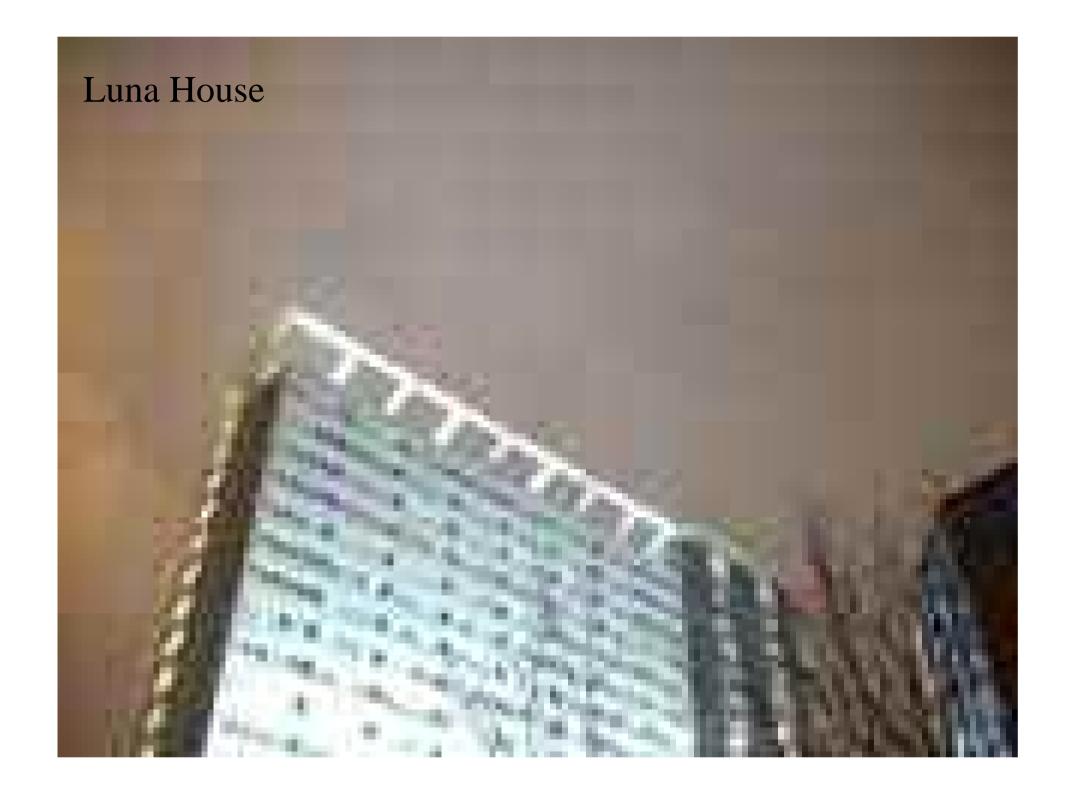
Remember the Croydon Skyline Scheme.

Paid for from Lottery money with no regard to saving energy or preventing light pollution.

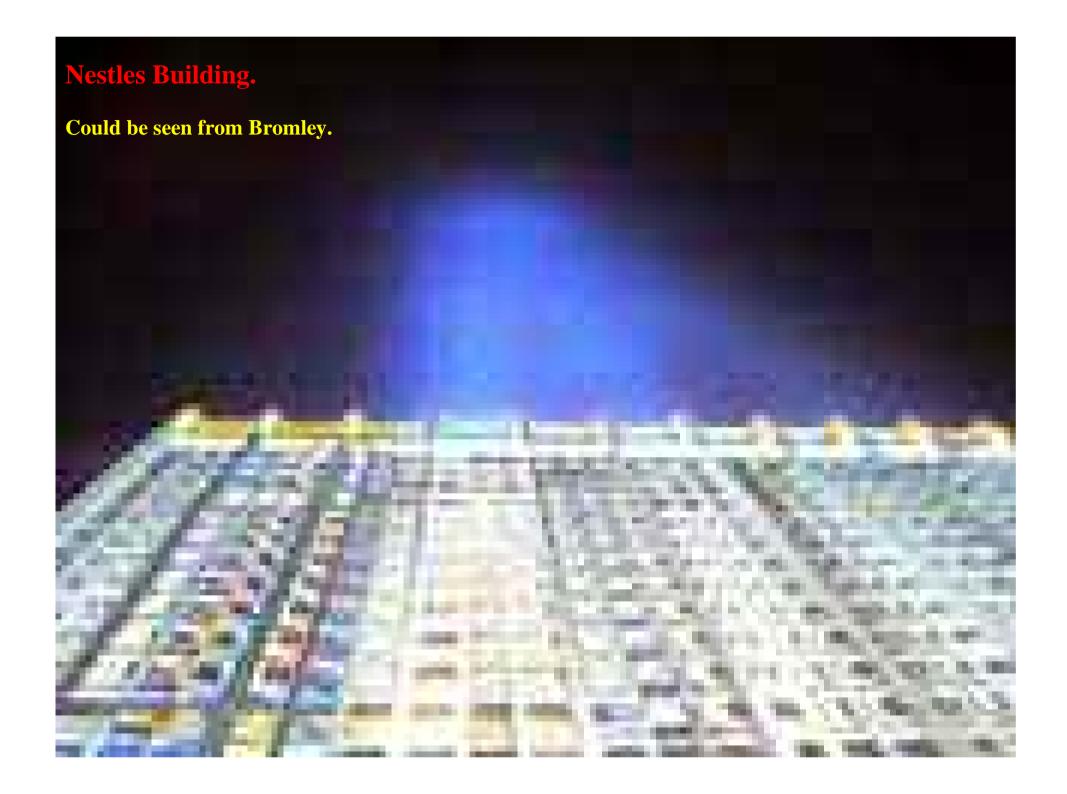
This beam could be see from Bromley 9 miles away.....

Your children will NOT see the night sky as you did as a child.









## GET ON WITH IT PETER.

RESULTS. -GOT NESTLE'S TO FIT NEW PROJECTORS.

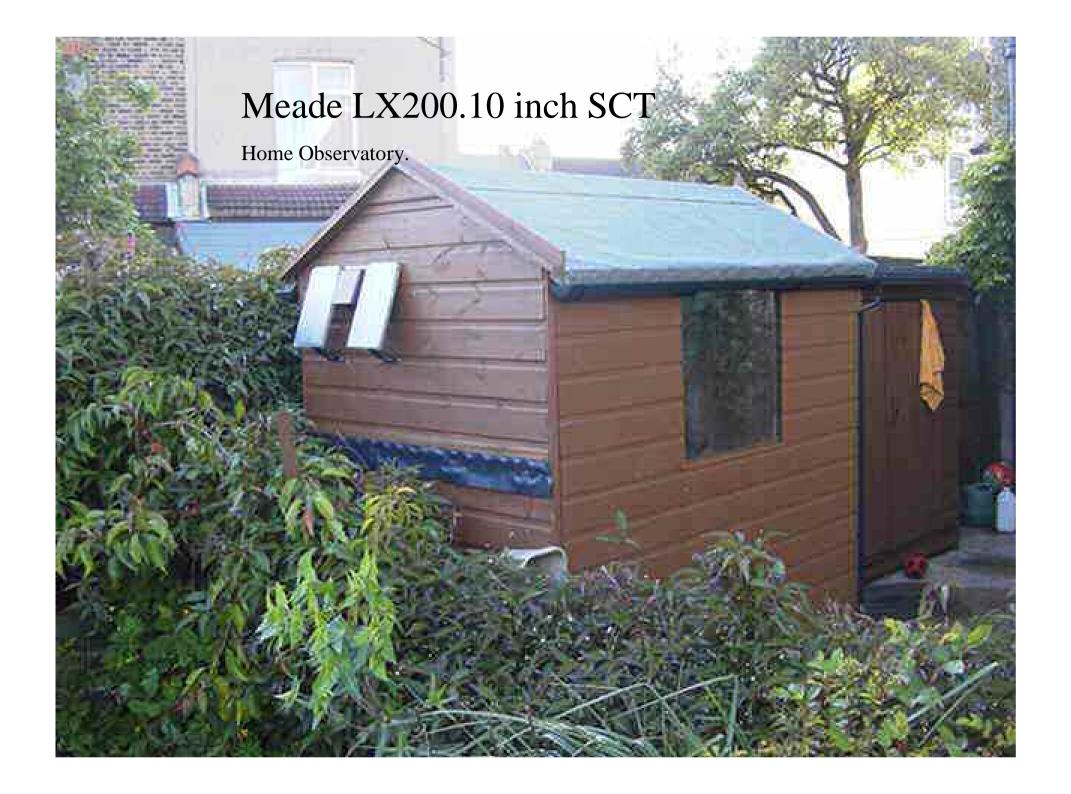
LUNA HOUSE HAD TO BE FITTED WITH NEW LIGHT FITTINGS TO CUT GLARE.

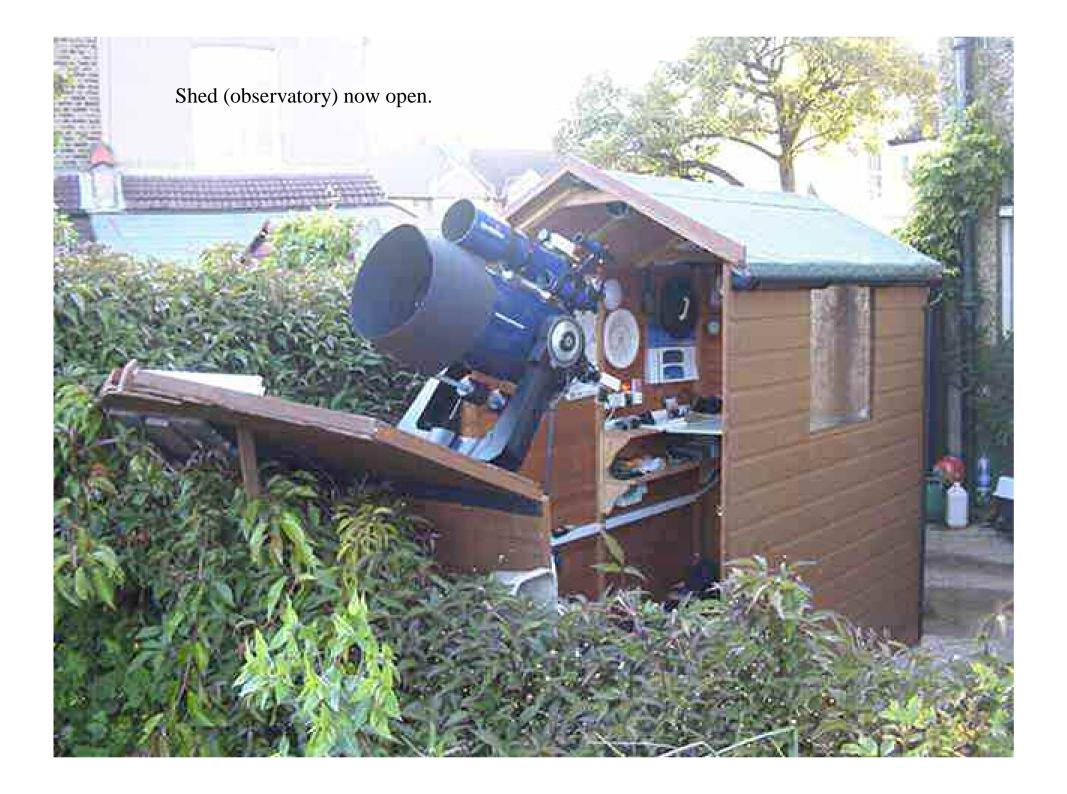
#### IT WILL GET RESULTS IF YOU MAKE WAVES

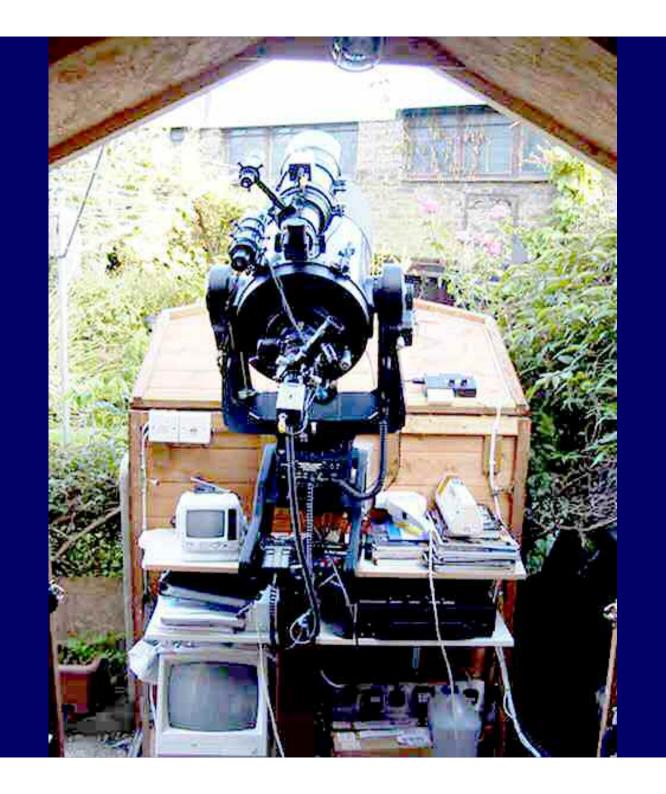
Sounds so bad with all that light.....

What in heavens name (no pun intended)

can you see - let alone get a picture of.









### Meade LX200 10".

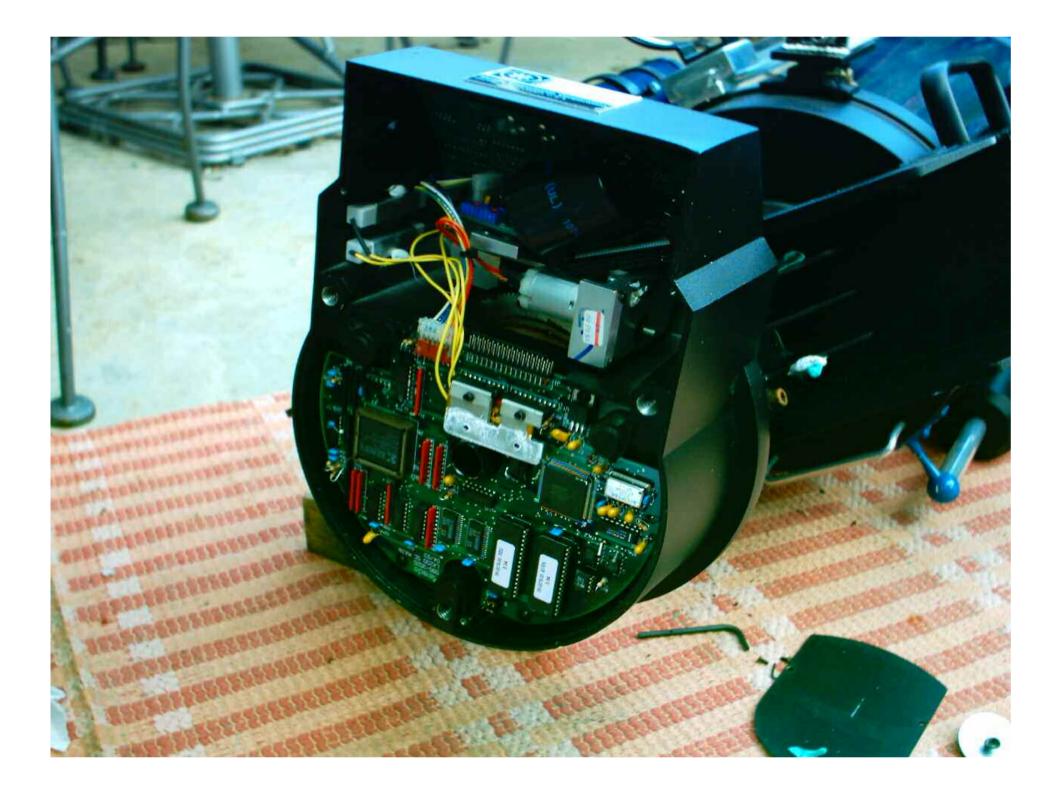
Shows all the bits and bobs on the scope.

Telescope accessories together with my "other scopes" have been added over time. This is one of 5 main scopes I have.

My wife is great.









2<sup>nd</sup> home for 120+ days a year. I use a 10 inch rich field telescope + 6 inch refractor here for deep space objects.

The garden faces South. It's an ideal dark sky location.





75 mm Scope fitted With colour TV camera To look at Ships.

On a cold day when the seeing is good I can sit inside and pick out a ships name 10+ miles away....



## **MAGNIFICATION**

25mm Eyepiece fitted to each scope in turn.

ETX 90. 1250 mm / 25 = x 50

10 Inch Celestron. 1200mm / 25= x 48

10 Inch Meade. 1016mm / 25= x 40.64

Helios 6 Inch. 750 mm / 25 = x 30

So best Planet / Moon scope is,

Best BRIGHT deep sky scope is, Helios 6 Inch.

Best BRIGHT AND FAINT deep sky scope is, Meade 10 Inch

Focal length of mirror / lens divided by focal length of eyepiece gives magnification.

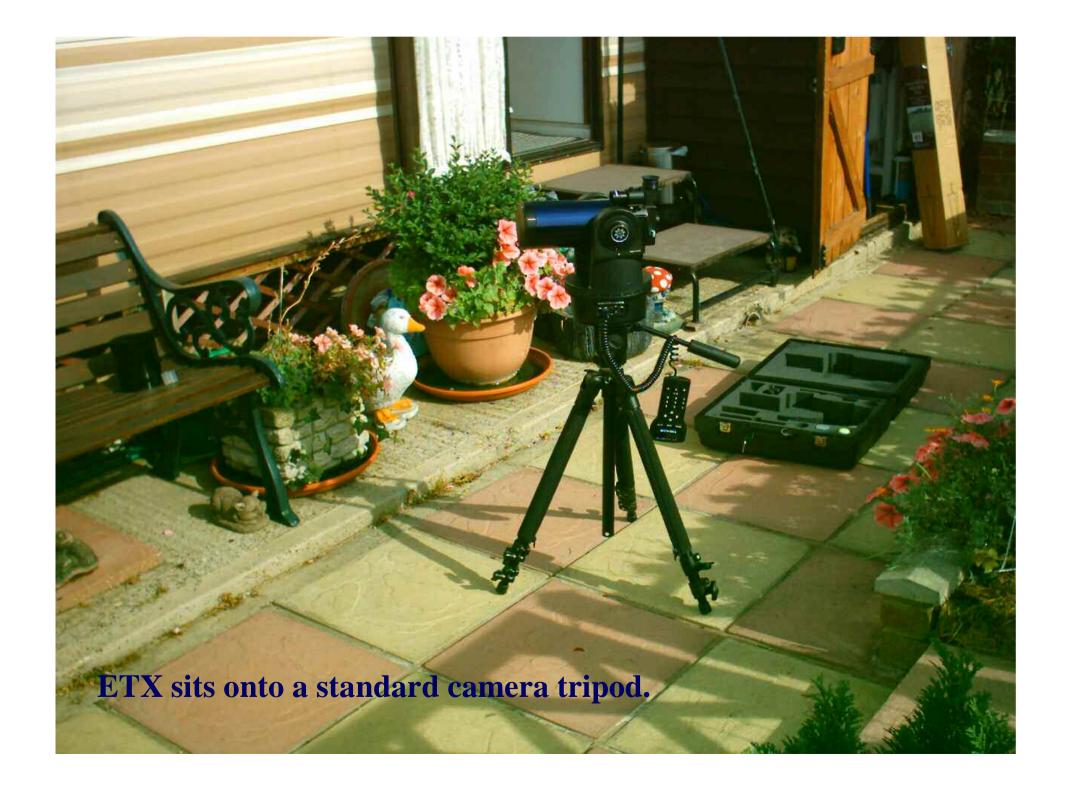
ETX 90 / Celestron



ETX 90.

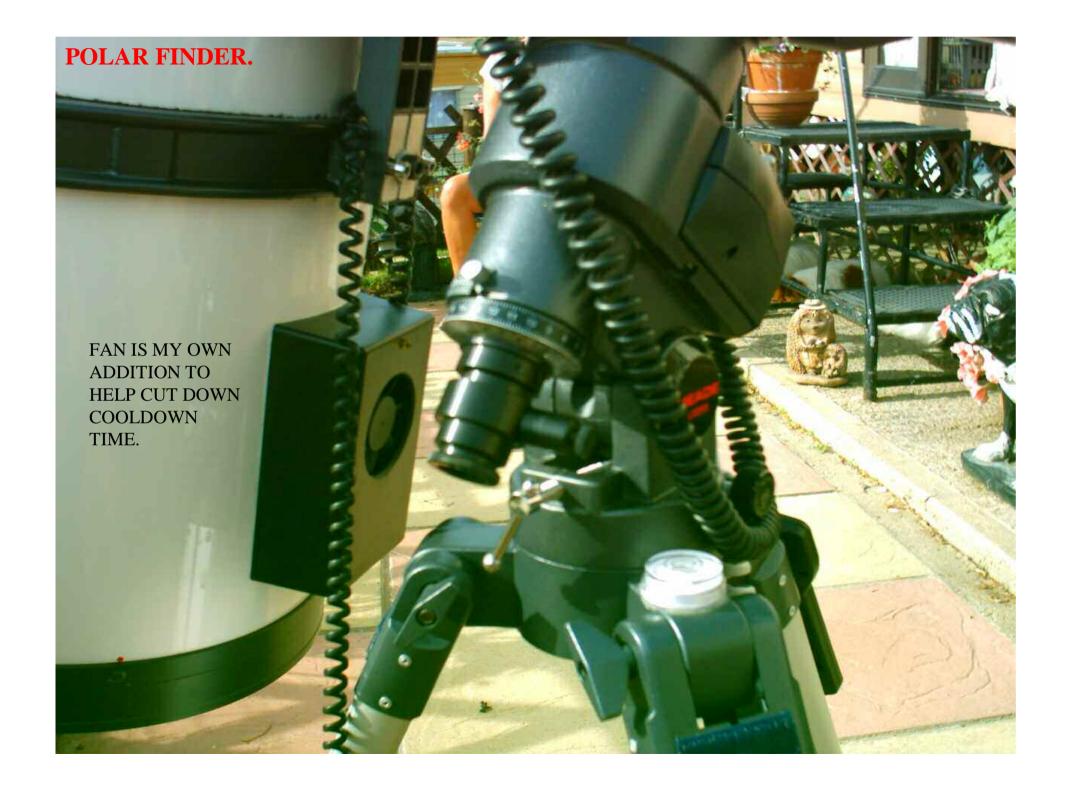
Beat this for size. Packs away into a pilot case and it's a fully mobile go-to telescope.....















## CALESTRON C10-NGT.

10 Inch Newtonian telescope.

GEM mount.

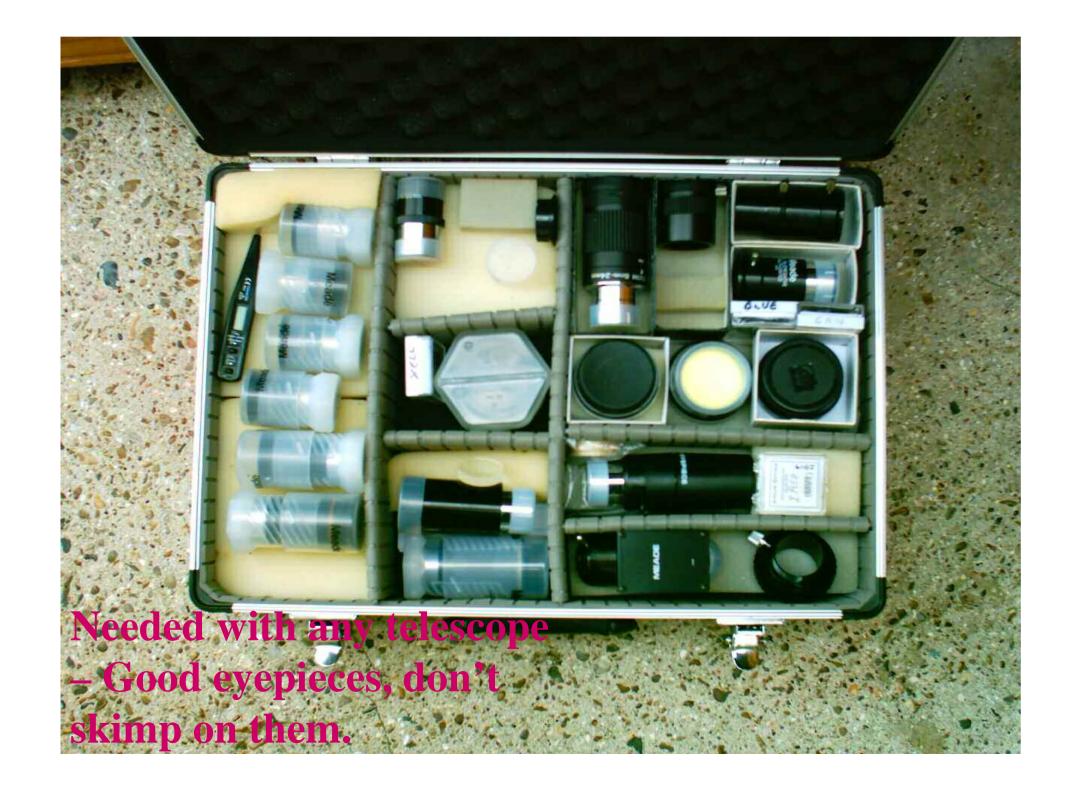
Full go to scope.

#### NOTE.

Stand has been modified by me (10 inches cut off legs)

Could not see into eyepiece to see objects in the zenith....

JANET LOOKS SO MUCH BETTER THAN ME....

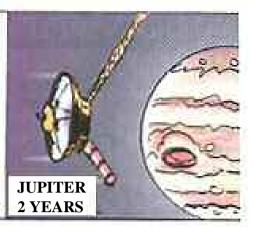


# TETRALE L

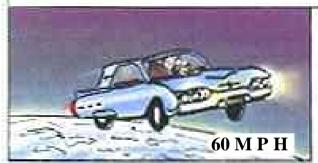


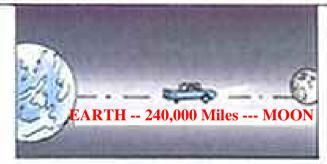


In our modern era of space flight, we've been able to reach other worlds relatively quickly. The Apollo missions reached the Moon in about 2. 1/2 days, the Voyager probes reached Jupiter in about 2 years but these spacecraft moved at great speeds



#### Warp 9 in Star Trek – is a long long way off.....







If we kept on driving another 35,000,000 miles at the same rate it would take 67 years to reach Mars at it's nearest.....



Travelling onto Jupiter would be a joyride of only 743 years. (see poor astronaut below). If you put the "pedal to the metal" you could shave off a couple of centuries.



If we kept on going at the same rate after 6,800 years you would reach the orbit of Pluto so the Planets aren't exactly "right round the corner".



## HOW TO RECORD INLAGES.

SPECIAL COOLED COLOUR CCD CAMERA.

LOW LIGHT COLOUR / BW VIDEO CAMERA.

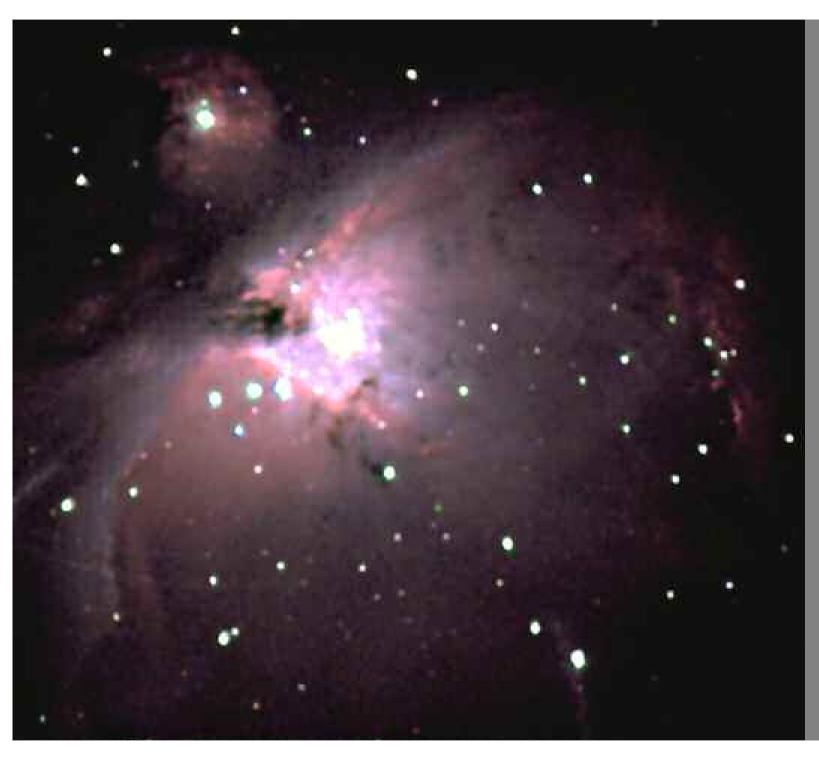
DRAW WHAT YOU SEE.

# STANDARD DIGITAL GAMERA.

SO WHAT CAN YOU IMAGE







## M41 M42 Orion Nebula

1500 LIGHT YEARS.



M27 Dumbbell Nebula. 815 LIGHT YEARS.

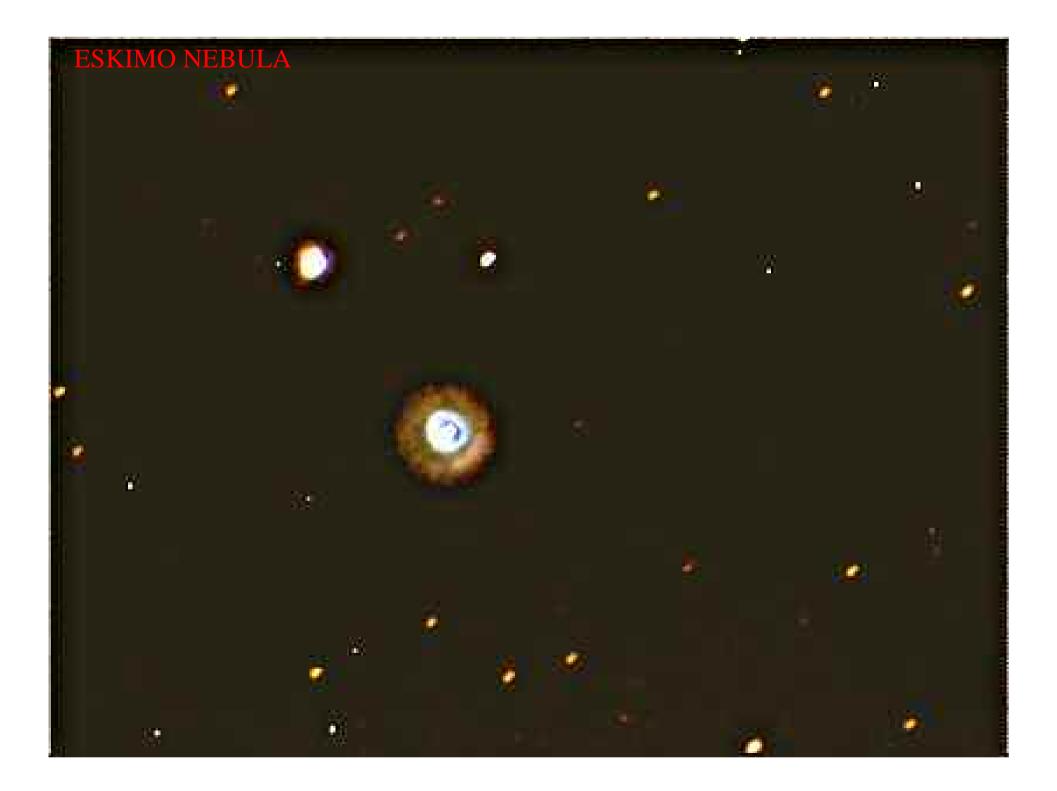


2..3 MILLION LIGHT YEARS.

VEIL NEBULA

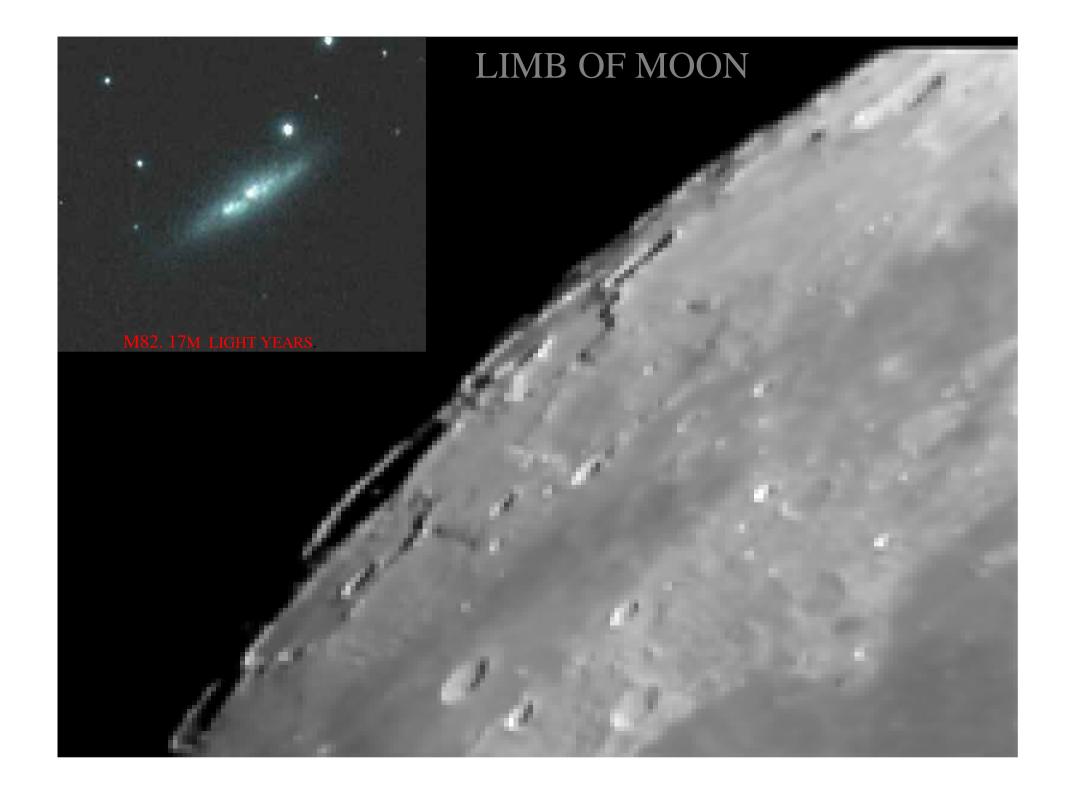




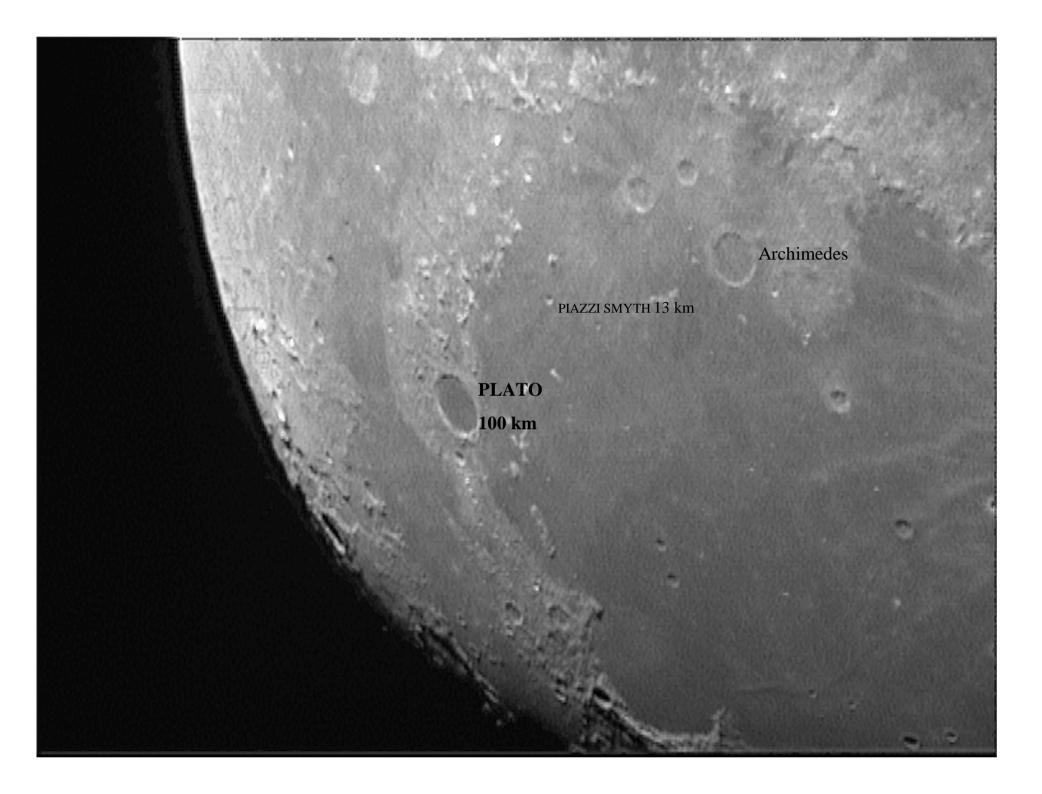


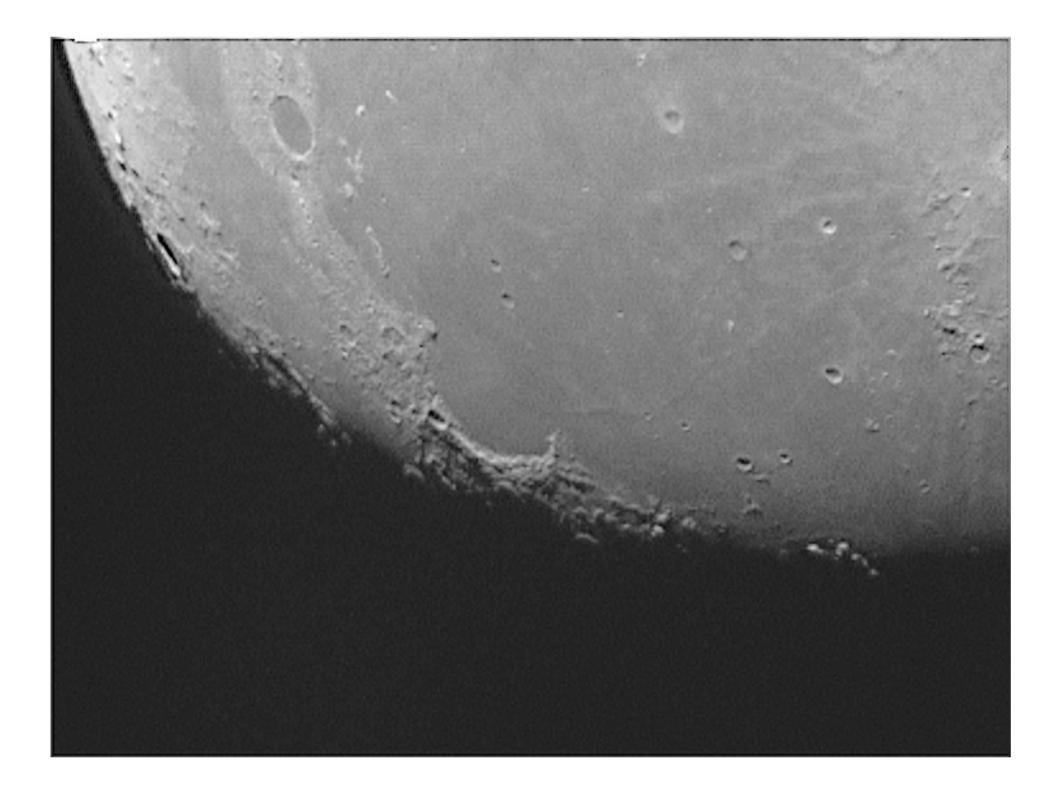






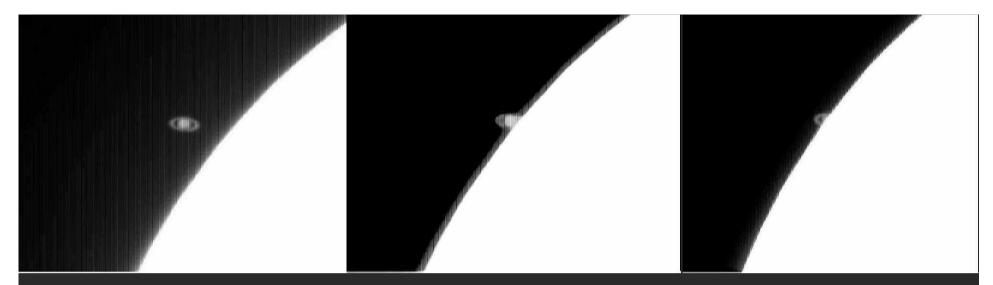






SATURN. – An amateur image with this detail was not possible 8 years ago.







#### Sequence of images taken Nov 2001.

Saturn is occulted by the Moon The images above show the planets entry.

The last image on the left shows the planet Saturn as it just exits the Moons limb.

The images were hard to get.

The exposure required was like trying to see a glow worm next to a searchlight.....



## CD of Event.



Tues 5/8/03. LX200, 10" f30. Planetcam. Peter Bruce. Croydon, UK.







Peter Bruce. 18 Aug 23-47 pm, LX200 10" f30, Special Bardow, Mars Image Magni tude -277 Brase 0.9926 Bia Arcsec 24,7600



Mars, 19th August 2003, LX200, 10" f30

### MARS.

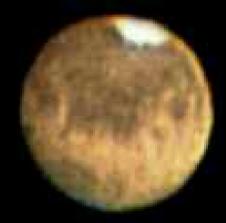
SEQUENCE OF IMAGES FROM 5<sup>TH</sup> TO 19<sup>TH</sup> AUGUST 2003.

OPPOSITION 27<sup>TH</sup> AUGUST 2003.

Mars. 12/Aug 2003. Image. Peter Bruce.

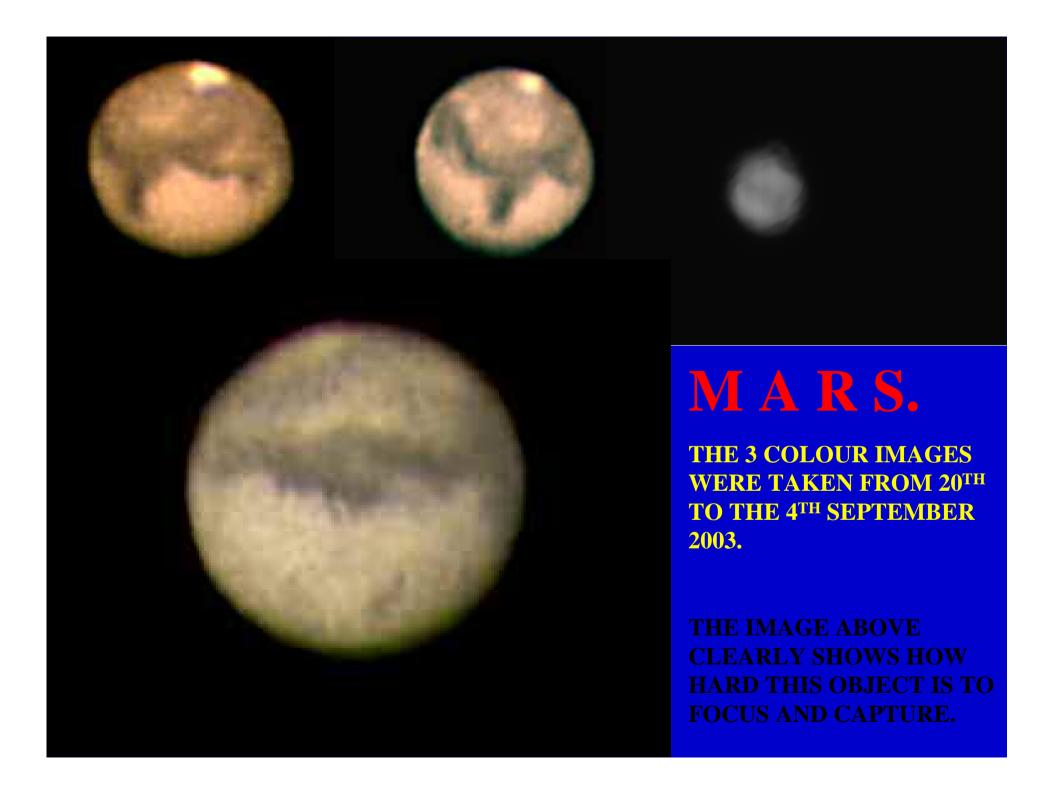


### IMAGE BY PETER BRUCE.



#### MARS.

Heatimage so far. I.S.200, to wife.
Processed Opdrage Mask.
19th August 2003.
These 0.9906. Magnitude 2.7900. The Areset 24.5000.
Sends at hap contact right.



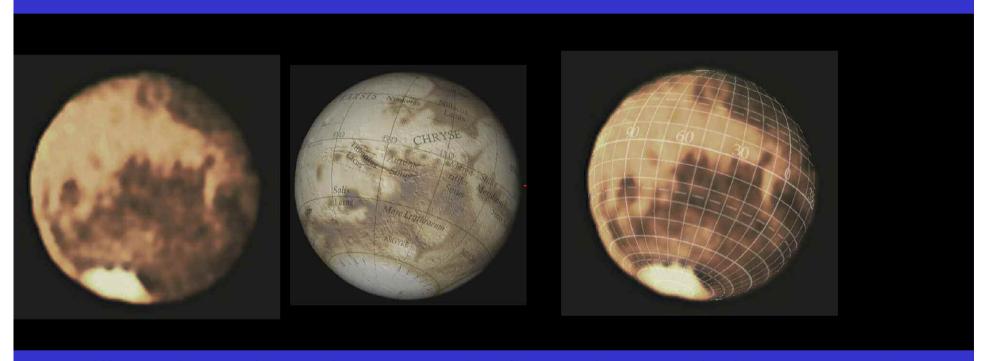
## MARS – THE BEST IMAGE



This image is now in the final best 15 sent into the Sky at Night. I am pleased with that alone. Final results on 4<sup>th</sup> January 2004.....

Peter Bruce. West Croydon. Surrey.

# MARS – South at bottom. Original image left compared to fly by space craft image of same scale.

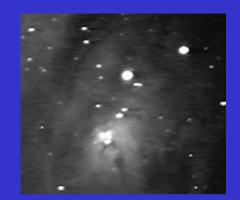


The difference in some features is due to the micro-fine Martian dust which is blown by the wind and covers / or exposes surface features. This changes the Martian features reflectivity.

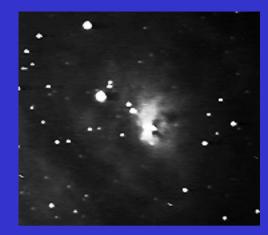
Since the NASSA fly-by space craft took the centre image things have changed.

The South polar ice cap is shrinking fast as the Martian summer takes hold and at this opposition of Mars no major dust storms took place. The 2001 opposition had a dust storm that obscured all of the planets surface feature – nothing at all could be seen over the whole planet.....

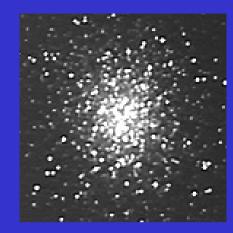
### **DEEP SPACE IMAGES** – <u>VERY SPECIAL VIDEO CAMERA</u> – STACKS IMAGES.



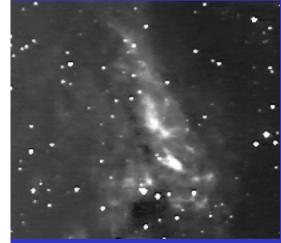
LAGOON NEBULA



TRIFFID NEBULA



HERCULES CLUSTER



SWAN NEBULA

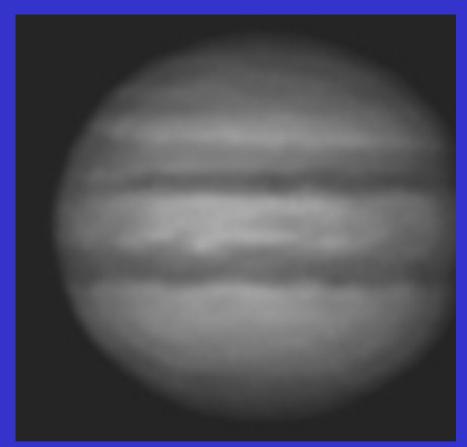


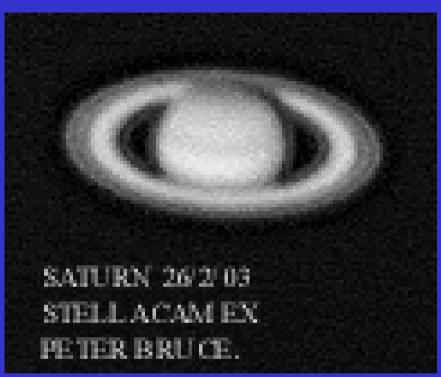
RING NEBULA.



**VIDEO** 

### PLANETS — SPECIAL VIDEO CAMERA. – STACKED FRAMES.





JUPITER



## OK

# So how easy is it to

set up and use.